

Issue Date:	01/01/2009	<b>MSDS Code:</b> 775805
<b>Previous Issue Date:</b>	08/15/2008	
Trade Name:	Conoco Turbine	Oil
Sizes:	All Grades	

#### Manufacturer/Supplier:

Dial Manufacturing, Inc. 25 S. 51st Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85043 Tel. No.: (602) 278-1100

### **Responsible Party:**

Conoco Phillips Lubricants 600 N. Dairy Ashford Houston, TX 77079-1175 (800) 640-1956/(800) 255-9556

SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION			
Product Name:	ZOOM SPOUT OILER		
Synonyms:	Turbine Oil 32, 46, 68 & 100		
Generic Name:	Industrial Oil		
Product Number:	5713 / 5714		
Chemical Family:	Petroleum Hydrocarbon		

NFPA 704 Hazard HEALTH HAZARD: 1 - Slight FLAMMABILITY: 1 - Slight INSTABILITY:: 0 - Least

**24 Hour Emergency Phone:** Call CHEMTREC: N. America (800) 424-9300 / Others: (703) 527-3887 collect

#### SECTION 2 – COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS NON-HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS **Component/CAS No:** Percent (%) ACGIH: OSHA: **NIOSH:** Other: Lubricant Base Oil (Petroleum) 99-100 $2500 \text{mg/m}^3 \text{IDLH}$ As Oil Mist, if 5mg/m<sup>3</sup>TWA 5mg/m<sup>3</sup>TWA **VARIOUS** 10mg/m<sup>3</sup>STEL Generated $5 \text{mg/m}^3$

Additives 0-1 NE NE NE NE NE NE PROPRIETARY 1%=10,000 PPM NE=Not Established

The base oil for this product can be a mixture of any of the following highly refined petroleum streams: CAS 64741-88-4; CAS 64741-89-5; CAS 64741-96-4; CAS 64741-97-5; CAS 64742-01-4; CAS 64742-52-5; CAS 64742-53-6; CAS 64742-54-7; CAS 64742-55-8; CAS 64742-56-9; CAS 64742-57-0; CAS 64742-62-7; CAS 64742-63-8; CAS 64742-65-0; CAS 72623-83-7; CAS 72683-85-9; CAS 72623-86-0; CAS 72623-87-1

Note: State, local or other agencies or advisory groups may have established more stringent limits. Consult your industrial hygienist or similar professional, or your local agencies, for further information.

SECTION 3 – POTENTIAL ADVERSE HEALTH EFFECTS			
Eye Contact:	This material may cause eye irritation. Direct contact may cause stinging, tearing and redness.		
Skin Contact:	This material may cause mild skin irritation, including redness and a burning sensation. Prolonged or repeated contact can worsen irritation by causing drying and cracking of the skin leading to dermatitis (inflammation). No harmful effects from skin absorption are expected		
Inhalation (Breathing):	No information available. Studies by other exposure routes suggest a low degree of toxicity by inhalation.		
<b>Ingestion (Swallowing):</b>	No harmful effects expected from ingestion.		
Signs & Symptoms:	Effects of overexposure may include irritation of the digestive tract, nausea, and diarrhea. Inhalation of oil mist or vapors at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.		
Cancer:	Inadequate evidence available to evaluate the cancer hazard of this material. See Section 11 for carcinogenicity information of individual components, if any.		
Target Organs:	No data available for this material.		
Developmental:	No data available for this material.		
Pre-Existing Medical Conditions:	Conditions aggravated by exposure may include skin disorders.		



Issue Date:	01/01/2009	<b>MSDS Code:</b> 775805
<b>Previous Issue Date:</b>	08/15/2008	
Trade Name:	Conoco Turbine	Oil
Sizes:	All Grades	

SECTION 4	- EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES		
Eye Contact:	If irritation or redness develops, move victim away from exposure and into air. Flush the affected eye(s) with clean water. If symptoms persist, seek mattention.		
Skin Contact:	Do not use gasolines, thinners or solvents to remove product from skin. material from skin and remove contaminated shoes and clothing. Cleanse af area(s) thoroughly by washing with mild soap and water and, if necess waterless skin cleanser. If irritation or redness develops and persists, seek mattention.	fected ary, a	
Inhalation (Breathing):	If respiratory symptoms develop, move victim away from source of exposurinto fresh air. If symptoms persists, seek medical attention. If victim shreathing clear airway and immediately being artificial respiration. If breadifficulties develop, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. immediate medical attention.	is not athing	
Ingestion (Swallowing):	First aid is not normally required; however, if swallowed and symptoms deseek medical attention.	velop,	
Note to Physician:	High-pressure hydrocarbon injection injuries may produce substantial necrosis of underlying tissue despite an innocuous appearing external wound. Often these injuries require extensive emergency surgical debridement and all injuries should e evaluated by a specialist in order to assess the extent of injury.  Acute aspirations of large amounts of oil-laden material may produce a serious aspiration pneumonia. Patients who aspirate these oils should be followed for the development of long-term sequelae. Inhalation exposure to oil mists below current workplace exposure limits is unlikely to cause pulmonary abnormalities.		
SE	TION 5 – FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES		
	0°F / 210°C OSHA Flammability Class: Not Applicab	ole	
	Cup (COC), ASTM D92 <b>Autoignition Temperature:</b> No Data		
LEL%	No Data UEL %: No Data		
Extinguishing Media:	Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam or water spray is recomme Water or foam may cause frothing of materials heated above 2 Carbon Dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when approarbon dioxide in confined spaces.	212°F.	
Unusual Fire and Explosion H	than air and can accumulate in low areas.	eavier	
Fire Fighting Procedures:	For fires beyond the incipient stage, emergency responders i immediate hazard area should wear bunker gear. When the pot chemical hazard is unknown, in enclosed or confined spaces, or explicitly required by DOT, a self contained breathing apparatus s be worn. In addition, wear other appropriate protective equipme conditions warrant (see Section 8).  Isolate immediate hazard area, keep unauthorized personnel out. spill/release if it can be done with minimal risk. Move undar containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done with minims.  Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors a protect personnel. Cool equipment exposed to fire with water, if be done with minimal risk. Avoid spreading burning liquid with used for cooling purposes.	tential when should ent as  Stop maged inimal and to it can	



Issue Date:	01/01/2009	<b>MSDS Code:</b> 775805
<b>Previous Issue Date:</b>	08/15/2008	
Trade Name:	Conoco Turbine	Oil
Sizes:	All Grades	

#### SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

This material may burn, but will not ignite readily. Keep all sources of ignition away from spill/release.

Stay upwind and away from spill/release. Notify persons down wind of the spill/release, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done with minimal risk. Wear appropriate protective equipment including respiratory protection as conditions warrant (see Section 8).

Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways. Dike far ahead of spill for later recovery or disposal. Spilled material may be absorbed into an appropriate absorbent material.

Notify fire authorities and appropriate federal, state and local agencies. Immediate cleanup of any spill is recommended. If spill of any amount is made into or upon navigable waters, the contiguous zone or adjoining shorelines, notify the National Response Center (phone number 800-424-8802).

	is made into or upon navigable waters, the contiguous zone or adjoining e Center (phone number 800-424-8802).		
SECTION 7 – HANDLING & STORAGE			
	Do not enter confined spaces such as tanks or pits without following proper entry procedures such as ASTM D-4276 and 29CFR 1910.146. The use of appropriate respiratory protection is advised when concentrations exceed any established exposure limits (see Sections 2 & 8).		
	Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes. Use good personal hygiene practices.		
Handling:	"Empty" containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, wield, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly shipped to the supplier or a drum reconditioner. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations.		
	High pressure injection of hydrocarbon fuels, hydraulic oils or greases under the skin may have serious consequences even though no symptoms or injury may be apparent. This can happen accidentally when using high pressure equipment such as high pressure grease guns, fuel injection apparatus or from pinhole leaks in tubing of high pressure hydraulic oil equipment.		
	Before working on or in tanks which contain or have contained this material, refer to OSHA regulations, ANSI Z49.1, and other references pertaining to cleaning, repairing, welding or other contemplated operations.		
Storage:	Keep container(s) tightly closed. Use and store this material in a cool, dry well-ventilated area away from heat and all sources of ignition. Store only in approved containers. Keep away from any incompatible material (see Section 10). Protect container(s) against physical damage.		



Issue Date:	01/01/2009	<b>MSDS Code:</b> 775805
<b>Previous Issue Date:</b>	08/15/2008	
Trade Name:	Conoco Turbine	Oil
Sizes:	All Grades	_

CECTION	10 1	EVDOCLIDE CON	TEDOL C/DEDCONAL DDO	PECTION
SECTION	8 - J		TROLS/PERSONAL PRO	
Ventilation:		If current ventilation practices are not adequate in maintaining airborne concentrations below the established exposure limits (see Section 2), additional ventilation or exhaust systems may be required.		
			air purifying respirator with a Typnder conditions where airborne condits (see Section 2).	
Respiratory Protection: respirator selection gapparatus (SCBA) or pressure mode if ther		by air purifying respirators is linguide). Use a NIOSH approved requivalent operated in a pressure re is potential for an uncontrolled rother circumstances where air puriotection.	self-contained breathing demand or other positive elease, exposure levels are	
		Z88.2 requirements respirator's use.	tion program that meets OSHA's 29 must be followed whenever workp	place conditions warrant a
Skin:		The use of gloves impervious to the specific material handled is advised to preven skin contact and possible irritation (see manufacturer's literature for information on permeability).		
Eye/Face:		Approved eye protection to safeguard against potential eye contact, irritation or injury is recommended Depending on conditions of use, a face shield may be necessary.		
Other Protective Equipm	nent:	A source of clean water be available in the work area for flushing eyes and skin. Impervious clothing should be worn as needed. Suggestions for use of specific protective materials are based on readily available published data. Users should check with specific manufacturers to confirm the performance of their products.		
			<b>_</b>	
SEC	OIT	N 9 _ PHYSICAI	& CHEMICAL PROPERT	
			at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 a	TIES
Note: Unless otherwise st	tated, v	values are determined	at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 a	TIES
	tated, v Clea			TIES (tm).
Note: Unless otherwise st Appearance: Odor: pH:	tated, v Clea Cha	values are determined ar, Yellow to Brown	at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 a <b>Physical Form:</b>	tm). Liquid No Data <1
Note: Unless otherwise st Appearance: Odor:	tated, v Clea Cha	values are determined ar, Yellow to Brown racteristic petroleum	at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 a Physical Form: Odor Threshold: Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): Boiling Point:	T <b>IES</b> .tm). Liquid No Data
Note: Unless otherwise st Appearance: Odor: pH:	Clea Cha Not >1	values are determined ar, Yellow to Brown racteristic petroleum	at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 a Physical Form: Odor Threshold: Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): Boiling Point: Partition Coefficient (n-	tm). Liquid No Data <1
Note: Unless otherwise st Appearance: Odor: pH: Vapor Density (air=1)::	Clea Cha Not >1	values are determined ar, Yellow to Brown racteristic petroleum applicable	at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 a Physical Form: Odor Threshold: Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): Boiling Point:	TIES  .tm).  Liquid  No Data  <1  >555° F / 291° C
Note: Unless otherwise st Appearance: Odor: pH: Vapor Density (air=1):: Solubility in Water:	Clea Cha Not >1 Neg	values are determined ar, Yellow to Brown racteristic petroleum applicable	at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 a Physical Form: Odor Threshold: Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): Boiling Point: Partition Coefficient (noctanol/water) (Kow):	Liquid  No Data  <1  >555° F / 291° C  No Data
Note: Unless otherwise st Appearance: Odor: pH: Vapor Density (air=1):: Solubility in Water: Specific Gravity: Viscosity cSt @ 100° C: Percent Volatile:	Clea Cha Not >1 Neg 0.85 4.30 Neg	values are determined ar, Yellow to Brown racteristic petroleum applicable ligible 88-0.897 0-30.6 ligible	at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 a Physical Form: Odor Threshold: Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): Boiling Point: Partition Coefficient (noctanol/water) (Kow): Bulk Density:	Liquid No Data <1 >555° F / 291° C No Data 7.17-7.42 lbs/gal
Note: Unless otherwise st Appearance: Odor: pH: Vapor Density (air=1):: Solubility in Water: Specific Gravity: Viscosity cSt @ 100° C:	tated, v Clea Cha Not >1 Neg 0.85 4.30 Neg >41	values are determined ar, Yellow to Brown racteristic petroleum applicable ligible 88-0.897 0-30.6 ligible 0° F / 210° C	at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 a Physical Form: Odor Threshold: Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): Boiling Point: Partition Coefficient (noctanol/water) (Kow): Bulk Density: Viscosity cSt @ 40° C:	TIES  ttm).  Liquid  No Data  <1  >555° F / 291° C  No Data  7.17-7.42 lbs/gal  22-460
Note: Unless otherwise st Appearance: Odor: pH: Vapor Density (air=1):: Solubility in Water: Specific Gravity: Viscosity cSt @ 100° C: Percent Volatile:	tated, v Clea Cha Not >1 Neg 0.85 4.30 Neg >41 Clev	values are determined ar, Yellow to Brown racteristic petroleum applicable ligible 88-0.897 0-30.6 ligible	at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 a Physical Form: Odor Threshold: Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): Boiling Point: Partition Coefficient (noctanol/water) (Kow): Bulk Density: Viscosity cSt @ 40° C: Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1):	TIES  ttm).  Liquid  No Data  <1  >555° F / 291° C  No Data  7.17-7.42 lbs/gal  22-460  <1
Note: Unless otherwise st Appearance: Odor: pH: Vapor Density (air=1):: Solubility in Water: Specific Gravity: Viscosity cSt @ 100° C: Percent Volatile: Flash Point:	tated, v Clea Cha Not >1 Neg 0.85 4.30 Neg >41 Clev (CO	values are determined ar, Yellow to Brown racteristic petroleum applicable  ligible 88-0.897 0-30.6 ligible 0° F / 210° C veland Open Cup	at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 a Physical Form: Odor Threshold: Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): Boiling Point: Partition Coefficient (noctanol/water) (Kow): Bulk Density: Viscosity cSt @ 40° C: Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1): LEL %:	Liquid No Data <1 >555° F / 291° C No Data 7.17-7.42 lbs/gal 22-460 <1 No Data
Note: Unless otherwise st Appearance: Odor: pH: Vapor Density (air=1):: Solubility in Water: Specific Gravity: Viscosity cSt @ 100° C: Percent Volatile: Flash Point: Test Method: Autoignition Temp:	tated, v Clea Cha Not >1 Neg 0.85 4.30 Neg >41 Clev (CO No )	values are determined ar, Yellow to Brown racteristic petroleum applicable  ligible 68-0.897 0-30.6 ligible 0° F / 210° C veland Open Cup oC), ASTM D92 Data	at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 a Physical Form: Odor Threshold: Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): Boiling Point: Partition Coefficient (noctanol/water) (Kow): Bulk Density: Viscosity cSt @ 40° C: Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1): LEL %:	Liquid No Data <1 >555° F / 291° C No Data 7.17-7.42 lbs/gal 22-460 <1 No Data No Data No Data
Note: Unless otherwise st Appearance: Odor: pH: Vapor Density (air=1):: Solubility in Water: Specific Gravity: Viscosity cSt @ 100° C: Percent Volatile: Flash Point: Test Method: Autoignition Temp:	tated, v Clea Cha Not >1 Neg 0.85 4.30 Neg >41 Clev (CO No )	values are determined ar, Yellow to Brown racteristic petroleum applicable  ligible 68-0.897 0-30.6 ligible 0° F / 210° C veland Open Cup OC), ASTM D92 Data  ON 10 – STABII Stable under normal	at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 a Physical Form: Odor Threshold: Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): Boiling Point: Partition Coefficient (noctanol/water) (Kow): Bulk Density: Viscosity cSt @ 40° C: Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1): LEL %: UEL %: Decomposition Temp:  ITY & REACTIVITY DAT ambient and anticipated storage and	Liquid No Data <1 >5555° F / 291° C No Data 7.17-7.42 lbs/gal 22-460 <1 No Data No Data No Data
Note: Unless otherwise st Appearance: Odor: pH: Vapor Density (air=1):: Solubility in Water: Specific Gravity: Viscosity cSt @ 100° C: Percent Volatile: Flash Point: Test Method: Autoignition Temp:	tated, v Clea Cha Not >1 Neg 0.85 4.30 Neg >41 Clev (CO No )	values are determined ar, Yellow to Brown racteristic petroleum applicable  ligible 68-0.897 0-30.6 ligible 0° F / 210° C veland Open Cup OC), ASTM D92 Data  ION 10 – STABII Stable under normal temperature and pres	at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 a Physical Form: Odor Threshold: Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): Boiling Point: Partition Coefficient (noctanol/water) (Kow): Bulk Density: Viscosity cSt @ 40° C: Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1): LEL %: UEL %: Decomposition Temp:  ITY & REACTIVITY DAT ambient and anticipated storage and	Liquid No Data <1 >5555° F / 291° C No Data 7.17-7.42 lbs/gal 22-460 <1 No Data No Data No Data No Data No Data
Note: Unless otherwise st Appearance: Odor: pH: Vapor Density (air=1):: Solubility in Water: Specific Gravity: Viscosity cSt @ 100° C: Percent Volatile: Flash Point: Test Method: Autoignition Temp: Stability: Conditions to Avoid: Incompatibility (Materia	tated, v Clea Cha Not >1 Neg 0.85 4.30 Neg >41 Clea (CO No ]	values are determined ar, Yellow to Brown racteristic petroleum applicable  ligible (8-0.897 0-30.6 ligible (0° F / 210° C veland Open Cup OC), ASTM D92 Data  ION 10 – STABII Stable under normal temperature and present temperature and present stable stab	at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 a Physical Form: Odor Threshold: Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): Boiling Point: Partition Coefficient (noctanol/water) (Kow): Bulk Density: Viscosity cSt @ 40° C: Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1): LEL %: UEL %: Decomposition Temp:  ITY & REACTIVITY DAT ambient and anticipated storage and soure.	Liquid No Data <1 >5555° F / 291° C No Data 7.17-7.42 lbs/gal 22-460 <1 No Data No Data No Data No Data No Data
Note: Unless otherwise st Appearance: Odor: pH: Vapor Density (air=1):: Solubility in Water: Specific Gravity: Viscosity cSt @ 100° C: Percent Volatile: Flash Point: Test Method: Autoignition Temp: Stability: Conditions to Avoid:	Clear	values are determined ar, Yellow to Brown racteristic petroleum applicable  ligible 68-0.897 0-30.6 ligible 0° F / 210° C veland Open Cup OC), ASTM D92 Data  ION 10 – STABII Stable under normal temperature and present temperature and present Extended exposure to Avoid contact with second are second and second are second as a second are sec	at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 a Physical Form: Odor Threshold: Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): Boiling Point: Partition Coefficient (noctanol/water) (Kow): Bulk Density: Viscosity cSt @ 40° C: Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1): LEL %: UEL %: UEL %: Decomposition Temp:  ITY & REACTIVITY DAT ambient and anticipated storage and soure. O high temperatures can cause decomposition temps	Liquid No Data <1 >5555° F / 291° C No Data 7.17-7.42 lbs/gal 22-460 <1 No Data



Issue Date:	01/01/2009	<b>MSDS Code:</b> 775805
<b>Previous Issue Date:</b>	08/15/2008	
Trade Name:	Conoco Turbine	Oil
Sizes:	All Grades	

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION			
Chronic Data:	Lubricant Base Oil (Petroleum) – CAS: VARIOUS		
Carcinogenicity:	The petroleum base oils contained in this product have been highly refined by a variety of processes including solvent extraction, hydro treating and dewaxing to remove aromatics and improve performance characteristics. All of the oils meet		
Caremogenicity.	the IP-346 criteria of less than 3 percent PAH's and therefore none are listed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.		
Acute Data:	Lubricant Base Oil (Petroleum) – CAS: VARIOUS		
Dermal	LD50 = 2 g/kg - LC50 = No information available		
Oral	LD50 = >5  g/kg		
	Additives – CAS: VARIOUS		
Dermal	LD50 = No information available – LC50 = No information available		
Oral	LD50 = No information available		

#### **SECTION 12 – ECOCOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Not evaluated at this time.

#### SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

This material under most intended uses would become used oil due to contamination by physical or chemical impurities. RECYCLE ALL USED OIL. While being recycled, used oil is regulated by 40 CFR 279. Use resulting in chemical or physical change or contamination may also subject it to regulation as a hazardous waste. Under federal regulations, used oil is a solid waste managed under 40 CFR 279. However, in California, used oil is managed as hazardous waste until tested to show it is not hazardous. Consult state and local regulations regarding the proper handling of used oil. In the case of used oil, the intent to discard it may cause the used oil to be regulated as hazardous waste.

Contents should be completely used and containers emptied prior to discard. Rinsate may be considered a RCRA hazardous waste and must be disposed of with care and in compliance with federal, state and local regulations. Large empty containers, such as drums, should be returned to the distributor or a durum reconditioner. To assure proper disposal of small empty containers, consult with state and local regulations and disposal authorities.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORTATION DATA				
<b>DOT Proper Shipping:</b>	Not Regulated			
IMDG Shipping:	Not Regulated	ICAO/IATA Shipping:	Not Regulated	
Note: Material is unregular	ted unless in container	of 3500 gallons or more, then provisions of	49 CFR Part 130 apply	
for land shipment.				

#### **SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **US REGULATIONS:**

#### **EPA SARA 311/312 (Title III Hazard Categories)**

Acute Health: No Chronic Health: No Fire Hazard: No Pressure Hazard: No Reactive Hazard No

#### **SARA – Section 313 and 40 CFR 372:**

This material contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 313 and 40 CFR 372: --None Known--

#### **EPA (CERCLA) Reportable Quantity (in pounds):**

--None Known--

#### CERCLA/SARA – Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances and TPQs (in pounds):

This material contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 302 and 40 CFR 372: --None Known--

#### **California Proposition 65:**

Warning: This material contains the following chemicals which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm and are subject to the requirements of California Proposition 65 (CA Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5):

--None Known--



Issue Date:	01/01/2009	<b>MSDS Code:</b> 775805
<b>Previous Issue Date:</b>	08/15/2008	
Trade Name:	Conoco Turbine	Oil
Sizes:	All Grades	

#### SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION (cont'd)

#### **Carcinogen Identification:**

This material has not been identified as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA. See Section 11 for carcinogenicity information of individual components, if any.

TSCA:

All components are listed on the TSCA inventory.

#### INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS:

#### **Canadian Regulations**

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

#### **Domestic Substances List:**

Listed

#### **Disclaimer of Expressed and Implied Warranties**

The information in this Material Safety Data Sheet is based on data believed to be accurate as of the date this Material Data Safety Sheet was prepared..

HOWEVER, NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IS TO BE IMPLIED REGARDING THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THIS INFORMATION, THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE USE OF THIS INFORMATION OR THE PRODUCT, THE SAFETY OF THIS PRODUCT, OR THE HAZARDS RELATED TO ITS USE.

No responsibility is assumed for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use or from any failure to adhere to recommended practices. This information provided above, and the product, are furnished on the condition that the person receiving them shall make their own determination as to the suitability of the product for his particular purpose and on the condition that he assumes the risk of use. In addition, no authorization is given or implied to practice any patented invention without a license.